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01The basics

WHAT IS ACCA'S PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE REQUIREMENT (PER)?

ACCA's practical experience requirement (PER) is a key component of the ACCA Qualification. To become an ACCA member all trainees – students and affiliates – must successfully complete:

- the ACCA exams
- the Ethics and Professional Skills module
- the practical experience requirement.

ACCA's PER is based on the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) International Education Standard 5, Practical Experience Requirements.ACCA's PER develops the professional knowledge and values, ethics and behaviours needed to become a professionally qualified accountant.

There are three components to the PER:

- achieve five (5) Essentials and any four (4) Technical performance objectives by gaining the experience required to achieve the necessary elements and complete a statement for each performance objective, which are signed off by your practical experience supervisor*
- complete 36 months' experience in one or more accounting or finance-related role which is verified by your practical experience supervisor.
- regularly record your PER progress in your online My Experience record, which can be accessed via myACCA.

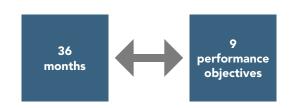
WHY IS THE PER IMPORTANT?

In order to perform effectively as an ACCA qualified accountant, you need to develop your skills in the workplace as well as passing the exams. The PER helps you to:

- apply in practice the knowledge and techniques you are gaining through your studies towards the ACCA exams
- observe and be involved in real-life work situations that help you to develop professional skills, attitudes and behaviours
- develop your judgment, encouraging you to reflect on the quality of your work and how you may improve your performance in the future.

Employers expect ACCA members to show high levels of knowledge and ability in the workplace, and behave ethically. PER enables you to confirm the quality of your workplace performance.

ALL RECORDED IN MY EXPERIENCE



* Unless your employer is a Gold or Platinum approved employer - trainee development stream and they have taken advantage of the simplified process for recording performance objectives; in this case you should indicate that you worked for an Approved Employer within your PER recording tool.

02Meeting the requirements

HOW DO I GET THE RIGHT TYPE OF EXPERIENCE?

ACCA trainees work in every sector and size of organisation. Wherever you work, it is important to look for the opportunities to help you meet your PER and to obtain 36 months' experience in a relevant role, or roles. Ideally, you should have a job where most of your time is spent on activities and tasks related to accounting, finance, audit and assurance, or in other related technical areas such as taxation, insolvency, and forensic accounting.

If your job only includes some accountancy or finance work then the time you spend on these activities can still count towards your 36 months' experience. For example, if only 25% of your working time during the year is spent on accounting or finance tasks, you can claim three months out of a possible 12 as relevant time. When you record your role in *My Experience* you must input the percentage of time you spend on accountancy or finance activities, the relevant time you can claim will then be calculated automatically.

You can use experience from previous roles, voluntary work, work placements and internships towards your PER, including experience gained before registering with ACCA. If you are using previous experience then the person who supervised your work at that time must be able to review and sign off your experience.

WHAT IF I AM WORKING BUT NOT IN A RELEVANT ROLE?

If you are not working in a relevant accounting or finance role then you should still update *My Experience* to record details of your employment. Time you spend in this role will not count towards your 36 months relevant experience, however if your work is supervised by a qualified accountant who is a member of an IFAC body and/or recognised by law in your country, then you may be able to achieve the following performance objectives while working in this role:

- 2: Stakeholder relationship management
- 3: Strategy, innovation and sustainable value creation
- 5: Leadership and management.

You could also gain experience by doing voluntary work for clubs, charities or associations. Alternatively, if your current job offers no opportunities for accountancy or finance related work, it may be necessary to find a job that does. We recommend you

use the range of career resources in ACCA Careers, to help you gain a relevant job.

WHAT IF I'M SELF-EMPLOYED?

In order for your work experience to count towards your PER, it must be supervised, and verified by a suitably qualified person. While you can provide basic book-keeping and certain other services direct to the public, this cannot count towards the PER because it is not supervised.

However if you provide basic bookkeeping and other accountancy work that is supervised (for example on a subcontract basis) this may count towards your PER.

CAN LECTURING EXPERIENCE COUNT TOWARDS THE PER?

If you are working as a lecturer you can claim a maximum of 12 months lecturing experience towards the 36 months' PER.

Your lecturing experience must be at a minimum level that is equivalent to the Advanced Diploma in Accounting and Business (Applied Skills papers) and cover basic accounting, business studies and finance-related subjects.

WHAT ARE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES?

Performance objectives are ACCA's indicators of effective performance. They set the minimum standard that you need to demonstrate in the workplace.

You are required to achieve nine performance objectives – all five Essentials and any four Technical. You can only achieve performance objectives if you are in a relevant role. The Essentials focus on ethics and professionalism; stakeholder relationship management; strategy, innovation and sustainable value creation; governance, risk and control; and leadership and management. The Technical performance objectives focus on technical areas: corporate business reporting; financial management; management accounting; taxation; audit and assurance; advisory and consultancy; and data and digital technology. You can find out more about the performance objectives in My Experience, or in ACCA's performance objectives booklet at www.accaglobal.com/per. The information includes the types of activities that could help you work towards achieving your performance objectives, and the exams that the performance objectives link to.



We recommend that you start to plan your search for a relevant role prior to leaving full-time study. Visit **www.accacareers.com**. You could also ask your tuition provider for support and ideas.

Each performance objective is linked to an exam paper. Pursuing linked exams and performance objectives will allow you to put into practice what you are learning and help you to structure your study and training effectively.

HOW DO I COMPLETE MY PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES?

Each performance objective is made up of a description, elements which describe the skills and experience you must demonstrate and a statement. The statement allows you to summarise and reflect on your work activity, so that your supervisor can evaluate whether you have achieved the standard required for the performance objective you are trying to achieve. You will need to achieve five elements and complete a 200–500 word statement for each performance objective.

YOUR STATEMENT

What should I write?

Each statement should be a concise explanation of how you achieved the performance objective description. Remember that you only need to cover the broad description of each performance objective. You don't need to summarise all the activities you carried out to achieve the individual elements.

We'll need details of one or two tasks that you've been involved with for every performance objective. The tasks should relate closely to the objective's description. Remember there is a limit of 200–500 words for each statement.

When writing your statement:

- be concise
- avoid using jargon or abbreviations, unless they are explained.
- provide evidence and examples to help illustrate your statement.
- avoid repeating information or making reference to other statements.

Remember that your experience is unique and your statement should be unique too. Please note that, before you can submit anything to your supervisor for sign off, you will be required to agree to a strict liability clause to confirm that your submission is a true and accurate reflection of your work experience.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES

ESSENTIALS – complete all five

- 1 Ethics and professionalism
- 2 Stakeholder relationship management
- 3 Strategy, innovation and sustainable value creation
- 4 Governance, risk and control
- 5 Leadership and management

TECHNICAL - choose any four

Corporate and business reporting

- 6 Record and process transactions and events
- 7 Prepare external financial reports
- 8 Analyse and interpret financial reports

Financial management

- 9 Evaluate investment and financing decisions
- 10 Manage and control working capital
- 11 Identify and manage financial risk

Management accounting

- 12 Evaluate management accounting systems
- 13 Plan and control performance
- 14 Monitor performance

Taxation

- 15 Tax computations and assessments
- 16 Tax compliance and verification
- 17 Tax planning and advice

Audit and assurance

- 18 Prepare for and plan the audit and assurance process
- 19 Collect and evaluate evidence for an audit or assurance engagement
- 20 Review and report on the findings of an audit or assurance engagement

Advisory and consultancy

21 Business advisory

Data, digital and technology

22 Data analysis and decision support



WHAT IS A PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE SUPERVISOR?

A practical experience supervisor supports your development in the workplace and reviews your PER progress and achievements. Your practical experience supervisor should guide and support you in the following ways:

- Help you to identify which performance objectives you should aim to achieve, and the date by which you should achieve them.
- Help you plan how to gain relevant experience, for example by helping to arrange job rotations, project work, or other opportunities should you need them.
- Help you identify personal development, training, research, or practice needed to achieve the performance objective.
- Your practical experience supervisor will review your performance objective statement and sign off your performance objectives once they agree that you have met the standard required.
- Your practical experience supervisor will also confirm the relevant time you are claiming towards your 36 months' experience.

It is your responsibility to find a practical experience supervisor. To be eligible to sign off your performance objectives they must be a qualified accountant recognised by law in your country and/or a member of an IFAC body; and they must have knowledge of your work. They should be someone with whom you work closely, who knows the type of work you are doing and the quality of your work. They will be assessing your achievements so it is important they have the knowledge and expertise to do this. Ideally this will be your line manager, or the person to whom you report on particular projects or activities. A practical experience supervisor cannot sign off experience that you have not been able to demonstrate to them in the workplace. If your practical experience supervisor is not your line manager, then they may need to consult with your line manager to validate your experience.

You can have one practical experience supervisor, or you can have several different practical experience supervisors to support you in achieving different performance objectives. For example, you may report directly to your line manager who will be able to help you with performance objective five, but you may also be working closely on a project with another colleague who may be able to support you on performance objective nine.

If you are the most senior finance person in your organisation, you work for a small organisation, or your organisation does not employ a professionally qualified accountant who can sign-off your performance objectives then you could ask an external accountant or auditor who knows your work, and has a business connection with your employer, to be your practical experience supervisor and work with your line manager to sign-off your objectives.

Encourage possible practical experience supervisors to read *Becoming a practical* experience supervisor. You'll find this at **www.accaglobal.com/per**

Remember that your non IFAC qualified line manager can still sign off the relevant time you have completed in this role.

You should avoid having a friend or relative as your practical experience supervisor to prevent any potential conflicts of interest. In the event that your practical experience supervisor is related to you, you should disclose this to ACCA when you apply for membership. Please note that before signing off objectives, the supervisor will be required to agree to a strict liability clause to confirm that the submission is a true and accurate reflection of your work experience.

WHAT IF I AM EMPLOYED BY AN APPROVED EMPLOYER?

If your employer is a gold or platinum ACCA approved employer – trainee development stream, they may allow you to record your performance objectives via a simplified route. You would still be required to achieve 36 months' experience and keep a record of this and your employer details in your online *My Experience* record, as well as recording



working for them. Please send a copy of your signed-off *Approved employer PER confirmation form* to ACCA and we will update your records to reflect your achievement. Please keep the original for your own records.

WHAT IF I WANT A PRACTISING CERTIFICATE IN THE FUTURE?

As a trainee you are not able to undertake work within ACCA's definition of public practice*. You are allowed to provide basic bookkeeping services, undertake payroll and VAT work and record basic accounting records to trial balance stage. If you are self-employed, and provide these services directly to the public, this cannot contribute towards your PER.

ACCA issues a practising certificate and a combined practising certificate and audit qualification**. Practising certificates are available only to ACCA members, and to obtain one you need to do a number of things – including completing a period of relevant post-membership work experience with an ACCA approved employer – practising certificate development stream.

Up to one year of pre-membership experience can count towards the award of an ACCA practising certificate.

- To ensure your pre-admission to membership experience counts towards
 your eligibility for an ACCA practising certificate, you will need to have your
 performance objectives signed off by a practical experience supervisor who holds
 an ACCA practising certificate; or a practising member of another professional
 accountancy body which is recognised by law for audit purposes in your country.
- In order that your pre-admission to membership experience can count towards
 your eligibility for an ACCA practising certificate and audit qualification, you will
 need to document this experience in a Practising Certificate Training Record
 and have it signed off by a practical experience supervisor who holds an ACCA
 practising certificate and audit qualification or an equivalent qualification from
 another recognised professional accountancy body.

In addition to gaining the appropriate PER, you will need to ensure that you have passed the ACCA exams needed to gain a practising certificate.

Visit 'Practising Information' in the members section of www.accaglobal.com/practising for further information.

WHAT IS A PER AUDIT?

ACCA conducts PER audits to assure the quality of the PER process and to maintain the standards that are set out in the performance objectives. You may be selected for a PER audit before or after you become an ACCA member or as part of the admission to membership process.

that you are employed by an Approved Employer. You would not need to write performance objective statements or claim your objectives via *My Experience*. This is because ACCA recognises that your employer has a training and development programme which gives trainees the required support to achieve professional status.

However, it is important to confirm that your employer has this level of approval and whether they will allow you to complete the *Approved Employer PER confirmation form*. Please note that it is your employer – not you – who decides whether you can follow this simplified route.

If you have met the requirements for membership or leave an approved employer, you must complete the *Approved employer PER confirmation form* which you can download from *My Experience*. This will ensure that you have a record of any performance objectives you have achieved while

- There are exceptions to this, but it is essential that you refer to ACCA's Rulebook or contact ACCA if you believe you fall into this category. If this is the case, work that falls within the definition of public practice cannot contribute to your PER.
- ** An ACCA practising certificate and audit qualification is issued only for the UK, the Channel Islands, the Isle of Man, the Republic of Ireland, Cyprus, and Zimbabwe.

03Using My Experience to follow the PER process

USING MY EXPERIENCE

You plan and record your PER using the online recording tool My Experience which you can access in myACCA. You will need your user name and password to access myACCA. Please note that you must not share your password with anyone else. The tool will help you to plan your PER and track your progress towards achieving the requirements. You will also use it to record your employment information, register your supervisor and submit your experience to them for signoff. ACCA recommends that you always keep your PER information up to date. Trainees often have difficulties if they do not: an example is failing to get experience signed off before leaving an employer. Updating My Experience also allows ACCA to track your progress and assist you by developing products and services to help you on your way, and we can invite you to apply for membership as soon as we can see you are eligible.

YOU AND YOUR PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE SUPERVISOR

Once you have identified a practical experience supervisor, make sure that you enter their details into *My Experience* and send them an invitation to register as your supervisor. You will not be able to submit anything to your supervisor for sign off until they have registered, so make sure you invite them to register as soon as you can. Then you will need to meet to decide which performance objectives you are going to target first.

You should agree with your practical experience supervisor how your relationship can be managed. For example, how often will you meet to discuss progress towards achieving your performance objectives? Will these meetings be virtual or face to face? You should agree your approach together to avoid misunderstandings, unnecessary meetings, or unexpected requests. It is important to be proactive and plan ahead

You will need to make the most of the time you have scheduled with your supervisor. As well as taking responsibility for arranging and planning meetings, think ahead about the agenda and anything you need to discuss.

You should also agree how and when your supervisor will review your performance objectives. These could be reviewed as and when you submit a performance objective to them for review, on a quarterly basis, or as part of your annual appraisal process.

TARGETING PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES

Ideally, your employer should give you the experience you need to achieve the performance objectives. If your current role offers few opportunities, you and your practical experience supervisor will need to think of ways to gain relevant experience. For example, you might consider a secondment, job rotation, or involvement in a project that will give you the necessary experience.

The performance objectives you choose should be agreed with your practical experience supervisor. You should consider the following points when selecting which performance objectives to target:

- If you are studying for ACCA exams, choose the performance objectives that relate to these exams. This way you will be able to put what you are learning into practice.
- Match any business objectives you have been set at work with the performance objectives.
 This will allow you to work towards your business objectives and your PER at the same time.

There is no time limit for achieving a performance objective, but you must be able to demonstrate that you can carry out the work activities that relate to the performance objective to a consistent standard.



WRITING YOUR PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE STATEMENTS

It might be helpful to discuss with your supervisor what you should include in your statement. Remember, though, that you must complete the statement yourself.

The following tips will help you complete your performance objective statements:

- Tell us what you did to meet
 the objective's description and
 highlight any lessons you learned.
 Remember that you only need
 to cover the broad description
 of each performance objective.
 You don't need to summarise all
 the activities you carried out to
 achieve the individual elements.
- Keep your answers concise, but not so brief that your supervisor cannot appreciate what you are recording. As a guide, someone who doesn't know your work should be able to fully understand and appreciate the work you have completed. Taking this approach will also help ACCA to assess your eligibility for membership and conduct PER audits. Provide details of one or two tasks that you've been involved with for each statement. The tasks should relate closely to the objective's description.
- Show your supervisor that you are achieving your goals and performing effectively in the workplace.

AREA OF	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE	LINKS TO EXAMS
KNOWLEDGE	TERI ORINANCE OBSECTIVE	EINICS TO EXAMS
Ethics and professionalism	1 Ethics and professionalism	Links to all exams
Stakeholder relationship management	2 Stakeholder relationship management	Business and Technology; Financial Reporting; Strategic Business Leader; Strategic Business Reporting; Advanced Financial Management
Strategy, innovation and sustainable value creation	3 Strategy, innovation and sustainable value creation	Strategic Business Leader; Strategic Business Reporting; Advanced Audit & Assurance; Advanced Financial Management; Advanced Performance Management
Governance, risk and control	4 Governance, risk and control	Business and Technology; Corporate and Business Law; Audit and Assurance; Strategic Business Leader; Advanced Audit and Assurance
Leadership and management	5 Leadership and management	Business and Technology; Strategic Business Leader; Advanced Financial Management; Advanced Performance Management
Corporate and business reporting	 6 Record and process transations and events 7 Prepare external financial reports 8 Analyse and interpret financial reports 	Financial Accounting; Financial Reporting; Strategic Business Reporting
Financial management	9 Evaluate investment and financing decisions	Financial Management; Strategic Business Leader; Advanced Financial Management
	10 Manage and control working capital	Financial Management; Advanced Financial Management
	11 Identify and manage financial risk	Financial Management; Strategic Business Leader; Advanced Financial Management
Management accounting	Evaluate management accounting systems Plan and control performance	Management Accounting; Performance Management; Strategic Business Leader; Advanced Performance Management
	14 Monitor performance	Management Accounting; Performance Management ; Advanced Performance Management
Taxation	15 Tax computations and assessments 16 Tax compliance and verification 17 Tax planning and advice	Taxation; Advanced Taxation
Audit and assurance	18 Prepare for and plan the audit and assurance process19 Collect and evaluate evidence for an audit or assurance engagement	Audit and Assurance; Advanced Audit and Assurance
	20 Review and report on the findings of an audit or assurance engagement	Audit and Assurance; Strategic Business Leader; Advanced Audit and Assurance
Advisory and consultancy	21 Business advisory	Audit and Assurance; Strategic Business Leader; Advanced Audit and Assurance
Data, digital and technology	22 Data analysis and decision support	Business and Technology; Management Accounting; Financial Management; Performance Management; Strategic Business Leader; Advanced Financial Management; Advanced Performance Management

- Avoid repeating information or making reference to other statements.
- Check back against the performance objective description.
 Have you met all the outcomes and shown that you have conducted yourself in an appropriate manner?
- If you need to make reference to clients or particular documents that may be confidential, it might be more appropriate to use some references or codes instead. If you do, make sure that your supervisor understands these. You will also need to provide this information if you are selected by ACCA for a PER audit, so we can confirm the authenticity of your work.
- If relevant, you might need to mention the size or variety of client firms.
- You can use information from existing documents that you
 have written, such as your performance appraisal form. You
 must make sure that whatever you use fully addresses the
 performance objective description. Remember that your
 experience is unique and your statement should be unique
 too. (If cutting and pasting from another document, please
 check that your answer is saved correctly in My Experience).
- Avoid using jargon or abbreviations, unless they are explained.
- Remember that each statement should be between 200 and 500 words.

Your situation and experience are unique to you, so we do not expect to see duplicated wording, whether from statement to statement, or from other trainees. If such duplication occurs then it may be referred to ACCA's Disciplinary Committee.

REVIEWING AND GAINING SIGN-OFF

You will need to submit your performance objectives to your practical experience supervisor for review and sign-off. To do this, you will need to ensure that your supervisor is registered by adding their details to *My Experience* and sending them an invitation to register as your supervisor. You will not be able to submit anything to your supervisor for sign-off until they have registered.

When your supervisor receives the notification email, they must register in *My Experience* to be given access to review and sign-off your experience. Please note: your supervisor can only see the status of your performance objectives and the time you have completed, but not your personal details. If they have questions they can use the comments section to ask you a question. Once approved your experience will show as completed on your *My Experience* record.

Your supervisor will decide if you have met all the requirements for the performance objective. They will refer to the detail of the relevant performance objective to check your achievements. The review can be done in person or remotely; it may also be done in conjunction with your line manager if they are not performing this role.

If your supervisor decides that you have not yet achieved a performance objective they will decline your submission. You should discuss this and ask for feedback. You may find it useful to review your submission with your supervisor, and agree a plan of action that will help you achieve the performance objective. Your supervisor will leave feedback for you to view within the declined objective.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE ONLINE SIGN-OFF PROCESS

Complete a performance Add your employer Add your supervisor Your supervisor objective by Your supervisor Submit these to and role to My to the role and send accepts your request achieving the five approves or declines your supervisor Experience them a request and registers elements and vour submission writing your statement

Need more help?

Please visit www.accaglobal.com for further guidance and support for PER



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