

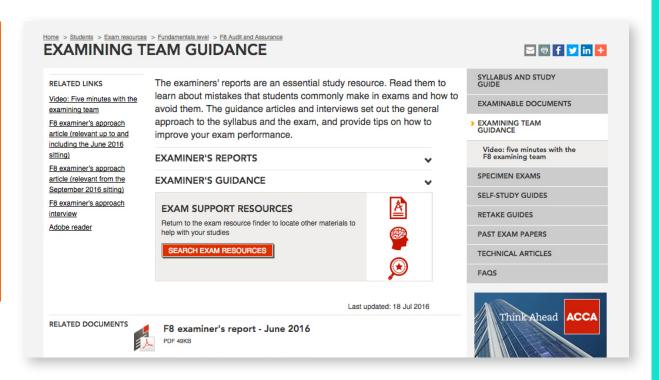
# F8 Audit and Assurance –

a guide to using the examiner's reports

ACCA's self-study guide for F8 is a fantastic resource designed especially to help you if you are taking F8. Hopefully you have already had a chance to take a look at this but if not you can find it by clicking on the image above.

Part of getting started is getting to know your exam and we recommend that you use the examiner's reports as a resource here.

In addition, when you come to the revision phase we strongly recommend that you come back to these reports and look at them in more detail.



You can access the examiner's reports for F8 by clicking on the image above. We suggest that at the very least you take a look at the last four – but of course you can look at as many as you like!



## What are the examiner's reports?

The reports are produced after each exam sitting and provide an analysis of students' performance – what they did well and what they didn't do so well.

They tell you which parts of the exam students found challenging and identify some of the key areas where students appear to lack knowledge as well as where they have demonstrated poor exam technique. The reports refer to specific questions in the exam, looking in detail at areas which caused difficulty. They also provide lots of useful tips.

# How will the reports help you when you are revising for your exam?

If you review several of these reports you will notice that there are some key themes which the examining team comment on again and again. Typically students fail for the same reasons exam sitting after exam sitting.

For you to succeed in your exam you need to try to avoid the pitfalls that have led to students failing F8.

### What are we going to do now?

In this document we are going to show you how to use the examiner's reports as part of your revision phase.

### **Step 1 – Read the last four examiner's reports**

### Read through each of the last four examiner's reports for F8.

- ✓ As you go through them note down any themes you notice which come up more than once.
- ✓ Also try to note down any areas where the examining team is providing advice for example, you may see in the June 2016 report there is some advice to candidates about studying the entire syllabus and not relying on 'question spotting' in a few selected syllabus areas.

### Examiner's report

F8 Audit and Assurance June 2016

Specific Comments (from paragraph 2 of the report)

#### Section A

It was very pleasing to see that once again almost all candidates attempted all of the questions. Section A questions aim to provide a broad coverage of the syllabus, and future candidates should aim to revise all areas of the F8 syllabus, rather than attempting to question spot. The following two questions are reviewed with the aim of giving future candidates an indication of the types of questions asked, guidance on dealing with exam questions and to provide a technical debrief on the topics covered by the specific questions selected.



### Take note

You may need to read through each of the reports a couple of times – but to get you started you might note down:

Question spotting

You will see this pops up several times, for example in the June 2016 report.

Now use this page to note down other themes or advice you notice which come up... include a reference to the report – so the exam sitting and the question number, the theme and then a bit of context (see example below)

Reference	Theme	Context
J16, M16, D15 and S15 Section A	Question spotting	Section A questions aim to provide a broad coverage of the syllabus, and future candidates should aim to revise all areas of the F8 syllabus, rather than attempting to question spot.

## Step 2 – Common themes identified by the examining team over the last four exam sittings

### Now compare your list with our list over the following pages - how many did you identify?

Spend some time looking through the reports again with the table over the following pages at your side, to make sure you understand where each of the points comes from. You will see we have also included an additional column 'How to avoid the pitfalls' and we will talk about this in Step 3.

Reference	Theme	Context	How to avoid the pitfalls
J16, M16, D15 and S15 Section A	Question spotting	Section A questions aim to provide a broad coverage of the syllabus, and future candidates should aim to revise all areas of the F8 syllabus, rather than attempting to question spot.	ACCA exams test both depth and breadth and as such you should not miss out any areas of the syllabus.  Practise as many objective test questions from the approved content provider question banks as you can to ensure you have tested yourself across the full breadth of the syllabus.  Make sure you have worked through all of the technical articles and study support videos related to F8 as these cove the areas that students have found challenging in the past as well as new subject areas.  Don't forget that from September 2016 Section A of the F8 exam will consist of objective text case questions only.
J16, M16 Section B – Audit framework and regulation M16 Section B – Internal control	Time management	It is pleasing that candidates planned their time carefully and generally only attempted to list the required number of issues.  Candidates' answers in March 2016 were often too brief and it appeared that candidates generally did not allocate enough time to this question.	Practising questions and whole mock exam(s) to time will ensure that you are able to manage your time appropriately in the exam and not spend either too much or too little time on any particular question requirement.  Be careful not to spend a disproportionate amount of time on the fact based questions as against the scenario based questions.



### Take note

Note that this table is based on the examiner's reports for June 2016, March 2016, December 2015 and September 2015 – if you are sitting exams from December 2016 you may find some different references.

Reference	Theme	Context	How to avoid the pitfalls
J16, M16, D15 and S15 Section A	Question spotting	Section A questions aim to provide a broad coverage of the syllabus, and future candidates should aim to revise all areas of the F8 syllabus, rather than attempting to question spot.	ACCA exams test both depth and breadth and as such you should not miss out any areas of the syllabus.  Practise as many objective test questions from the approved content provider question banks as you can to ensure you have tested yourself across the full breadth of the syllabus.  Make sure you have worked through all of the technical articles and study support videos related to F8 as these cover the areas that students have found challenging in the past as well as new subject areas.  Don't forget that from September 2016 Section A of the F8 exam will consist of objective text case questions only.
J16, M16 Section B – Audit framework and regulation M16 Section B – Internal control	Time management	It is pleasing that candidates planned their time carefully and generally only attempted to list the required number of issues.  Candidates' answers in March 2016 were often too brief and it appeared that candidates generally did not allocate enough time to this question.	Practising questions and whole mock exam(s) to time will ensure that you are able to manage your time appropriately in the exam and not spend either too much or too little time on any particular question requirement.  Be careful not to spend a disproportionate amount of time on the fact based questions as against the scenario based questions.  Before attempting an exam make sure you note how much time you should spend on each question and then stick to that. You are much more likely to gain more marks by starting a new question, gaining the easy marks first, than you are spending more than your allocated time on a question. You can always go back to a question if you have time at the end.

Reference	Theme	Context	How to avoid the pitfalls
J16 Section B – Audit framework and regulation  M16 Section B – Audit framework and regulation  J16, M16, D15 and S15 Section B – Planning and risk assessment	Scoring marks	One mark was available for each well explained issue. As in previous sittings, while it was pleasing that candidates were able to identify relevant issues from the scenario, candidates often did not explain the issues correctly, or in sufficient detail, therefore many candidates scored ½ mark rather than one mark for each issue.  Candidates were awarded ½ mark for each weakness identified and a further ½ mark if the candidate explained why this was a weakness. Candidates' identification and explanation of relevant weaknesses from the scenario was mixed, some candidates incorrectly identified matters as a weakness from the scenario suggesting that they were not wholly familiar with best practice corporate governance principles.  Audit risk questions typically require a number of audit risks to be identified (½ mark each), explained (½ mark each) and an auditor's response to each risk (1 mark each).	Ensure you review the mark allocation for the questions you practise and when reviewing your own answers consider whether you will have gained sufficient marks to pass.  Read carefully the examiner's comments about how many marks are available for each part of a requirement and use this to guide you in structuring your answers to practice questions.
J16, M16 and S15 Section B – Internal control		Internal control questions typically require internal controls deficiencies to be identified (½ mark each), explained (½ mark each) and, often, to give a relevant recommendation to address the control deficiency (1 mark each).	
S15 Section B – Audit framework and regulation		Therefore, a candidate who identified an issue and stated the type of threat in line with the ACCA Code of Ethics and Conduct scored ½ marks, and to be awarded the second ½ mark the candidate had to explain why this caused an ethical problem. The explanation was often weak, for example explaining the threat of "self-review" as "the auditor will be reviewing their own work" is not sufficient.	
D15 Section B – Internal control		Internal control questions typically require internal control deficiencies to be identified (½ mark each), explained (½ mark each), a relevant recommendation to address the control (1 mark), and, often a test of control the external auditor would perform to assess whether each of these controls, if implemented, is operating correctly (1 mark).	

Reference	Theme	Context	How to avoid the pitfalls
J16 Section B – Audit framework and regulation J16 Section B – Internal controls	Presentation	The presentation of candidates' answers was pleasing. Most used a two-column format; the first column to identify and explain the issue and the second column to give a recommendation to improve the issue.  It was pleasing to note that many candidates presented their answers well using a three-column approach with internal controls deficiencies in one column, the related recommendation in the other and the related test of control in the third column.	When practising questions ensure you use a tabular format where appropriate. Review model answers to see how they are presented and try to use this approach in your answers.  By using this format, it is easier to ensure that you are answering the full requirement and not missing out on valuable marks.  Do not forget if a covering letter is required then use a letter format but also include the necessary disclaimers as this is worth 2 easy marks.
M16 Section B – Audit framework and regulation		The presentation of candidates' answers was generally of an appropriate standard. Most used a two-column format using the first column to identify and explain the corporate governance weakness and the second column to give a recommendation to address the weakness.	
M16 Section B – Internal controls		While it was pleasing to note that many candidates presented their answers well using a two column approach with internal controls in one column and the related recommendation in the other column, many candidates did not provide a covering letter which was specifically requested in the question requirements.	
D15 and S15 Section B – Audit framework and regulation		The presentation of candidates' answers was generally of an appropriate standard. The majority of candidates used a two-column format using the first column to identify and explain the threat and the second column to provide a safeguard to mitigate the threat. This enabled candidates who used this format to ensure they produced a full answer with an allocated safeguard for every identified threat and to ensure they had enough points to score the marks available.	

Reference	Theme	Context	How to avoid the pitfalls
J16 Section B – Audit framework and regulation J16 Section B – Planning and risk assessment M16 Section B – Audit framework and regulation	Use of the scenario	These mistakes may have arisen due to a lack of knowledge or simply due to a failure to read the scenario carefully.  The scenario contained more issues than were required to be discussed, a significant minority identified more issues then necessary, often combining risks into one point. This approach sometimes resulted in a lack of detail in the risk and also led to unfocused auditor responses.  The scenario contained more issues than were required to be discussed and it was therefore pleasing that candidates generally only attempted to identify the required number of issues as noted in the question.	Be aware that often the scenario will contain many more points than you need to answer the question – be careful to manage your time and only write the number of points needed, any more will be a waste of time as no additional marks can be awarded.  Writing a plan before starting your answer can help to ensure that you make the right number of points and relate them to the scenario.  Review the study support video Exam techniques and last minute tips for some tips around using the scenario.  Watch the study support video Bringing an F8 exam question
D15 Section B – Audit regulation and framework D15 Section B – Internal control  S15 Section B – Audit		However, candidates are advised to read the scenario carefully as steps to reduce certain threats are different for a listed and unlisted company.  The scenario in the exam will always contain more issues than required to be discussed and it was therefore encouraging that candidates generally applied effective exam technique and focused on providing answers which identified the required number of issues as noted in the question.  Some candidates copied out large sections of the scenario without necessarily realising that there can be two issues	to life which helps you to understand how an exam question can be answered in the context of a real life scenario.
framework and regulation		in one sentence in the scenario and hence therefore did not go on to explain the consequences of and provide a recommendation for each individually.	

Reference	Theme	Context	How to avoid the pitfalls
M16 Section B – Audit framework and regulation M16 Section B – Audit framework and regulation M16 Section B – Internal control M16 Section B – Review and reporting D15 and S15 Section B – Planning and risk assessment S15 Section B – Audit framework and regulation	Understanding the verb in the requirement	One mark was available for each recommendation, however candidates often worded their recommendation as either a "statement' or an 'objective' rather than an "action" and so were often not awarded the recommendation mark.  In addition, candidates often did not explain how each issue could impact on the financial statements and therefore were not awarded the explain ½ mark.  Candidate's recommendations often were either poorly described, did not clearly address the specific control weakness identified or were impractical suggestions.  Procedures were often not well explained e.g. 'review board minutes' would not be awarded credit as to obtain the mark available the candidate must expand on what specific evidence is being sought from the board minutes.  To explain the audit risk candidates need to state for each issue if this could result in a balance being over stated, under stated, misstated, misclassified, a going concern problem or refer to a relevant assertion.  While many candidates were able to identify relevant issues from the scenario, a significant number of candidates continue to not explain the issues correctly or in sufficient detail, therefore most candidates scored ½ marks rather than one mark for each issue.	If you are asked to provide a recommendation, this should be an action that needs to be carried out by the organisation or a specific team / person.  If you are asked to explain an audit risk you need to state the area of the accounts impacted with an assertion (eg, cut-off, valuation etc) or a reference to under/over/misstated, or a reference to inherent, control or detection risk.  Review the article exam technique article, Audit and assurance assistance, which will help you understand the commonly used verbs in F8 as well as the article What is the examiner asking? This gives you an explanation of the most commonly used verbs across all of ACCA's exams as well as some key tips for answering the questions that include them.
M16 Section B – Audit framework and regulation S15 Section B – Planning and risk assessment	Lack of knowledge – auditor's responses	The provision of relevant auditor's responses continues to be a poorly attempted area and candidates are once again reminded to ensure that this area of the syllabus is adequately studied and practised.  The provision of relevant auditor's responses continues to be a poorly attempted area of the syllabus.	Make sure you practise plenty of questions in this area. Revise this area of the syllabus if you feel your knowledge is weak.

Reference	Theme	Context	How to avoid the pitfalls
D15 Section B – Internal control	Lack of practical application – audit procedures	Candidates are reminded that being able to provide appropriate and relevant audit procedures is a key area of the syllabus and practice in this area is crucial.	The F8 exam tests not only knowledge but the application of that knowledge. This is a key skill which you must practise. Review model answers for this type of question and note
D15 Section B – Audit evidence		As in previous sittings and as noted in previous Examiner's Reports the provision of audit procedures relevant to particular circumstances was not well attempted by the majority of candidates.	how they address the requirements.  Make sure you practise plenty of questions in this area.  Read and understand the technical article Audit procedures
M16 Section B – Audit evidence		Most candidates were unable to tailor their knowledge of general substantive procedures to the specific issues in the question requirements. As addressed in previous Examiner's Reports candidates must strive to understand substantive procedures.	to really consolidate your knowledge.
J16, M16 and S15 Section B – Audit evidence		Learning a generic list of tests will not translate to exam success – procedures must be tailored to the specific requirements of the question.	
S15 Section B – Audit evidence		A key requirement of this part of the syllabus is an ability to describe relevant audit procedures for a particular class of transactions or event. Performance in this area continues to be unsatisfactory. Candidates continue to prove unable to tailor their knowledge of general substantive procedures to the specific issues in the question requirement.	

### **Step 3 – Question practice**

The key to passing F8 is question practice. Make sure you refer to the self-study guide for hints and tips but keep in mind what the examiner's reports have said. You want to try to avoid the pitfalls so use the advice given in the table at step 2 when practising your questions.

#### Revision phase - Question practice

- Exam-standard question practice is vital now
- Work through as many questions as possible and all mock exams included in the Approved Content Provider question and answer banks – remember these are best for question practice as they include past exam questions updated for syllabus and format changes
- Work through the specimen exam

   this will provide you with a clear
   picture of what the exam will look
   like making sure you know what
   to expect on the day

### Tips for success

- Consider blocking time in your study plan for specific questions or mock exams to ensure you cover everything.
- Don't be afraid to attempt questions you have already done – especially the ones you found tricky first time round.
- ✓ It is really important that you do some questions in full, to exam time time management is often an issue and the more you prepare yourself the better you will perform in the exam.
- To keep motivation high, break some questions into individual parts, write plans or

- notes for some parts and do others in full.
- Work through the answers carefully pay attention to areas you got wrong and understand where you went wrong it is better to do a few questions well, than lots of questions badly.
- ✓ Try not to look at the answers before really attempting the question you won't be able to do this in the real exam!
- Don't forget to review the marking guide too – you need to understand how marks are allocated to ensure you know how to maximise your marks.

18