# Answers

Fundamentals Level – Skills Module, Paper F6 (LSO) Taxation (Lesotho)

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June 2016 Answers and Marking Scheme

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Secti	Section B		
1	Moh	okare Tiles Manufactures Pty (MTM)	
	(a)	Withholding tax to be remitted by MTM	
		M(i)Fixtures and fittings payments (15,700*5%)785(ii)Lease rentals payments (82,300*10%)8,230(iii)Audit fees payments (46,000*10%)4,600(iv)Management fees payments (54,000*25%)13,500Dividends ((120,000*20%)*25%)6,000The remaining dividends of M96,000 (120,000*80%) are paid out of manufacturing income, which is not subject to withholding tax.	1 1 1 1 2 
	(b)	<ul> <li>The four types of information in respect of withholding taxes which need to be recorded and kept for inspection by the LRA are:</li> <li>the name and address of each payee;</li> <li>the amounts paid or payable to such persons;</li> <li>the amounts of tax withheld; and</li> <li>any other information as the Commissioner General may require.</li> </ul>	1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 2
	(c)	The income tax rate applicable to an electing non-resident, such as Lousier Chartered Accountants, is 35%.	1 10

#### 2 Soli Limited and Joseph

(a)	An expatriate taxpayer is an individual (other than a permanent resident citizen of Lesotho) who is employed
	or engaged under a technical services contract in Lesotho.

#### (b) Fringe benefits tax (FBT) payable by Soli Limited

<ul> <li>(i) Accommodation fringe benefit ((8,500 – 1,500)*12)</li> <li>(ii) Car fringe benefit (490,000*15%) Loan fringe benefit (30,000*2/3*18%) Utilities fringe benefit</li> </ul>	M 84,000 73,500 3,600 15,200 176,300	1 1 1 1/2
Taxable amount (176,300/0·70) FBT (251,857*30%)	251,857 75,557	1/2 1/2
The due date for submission of the first quarter's return is on or before 14 July 20	015.	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>

#### (c) Total allowable expenses claimable by Soli Limited

	М	
Basic salary	786,000	1/2
Reimbursement of relocation costs	4,500	1
Medical expenses	14,400	$1/_{2}$
FBT (as in (b) above)	75,557	1
	880,457	3
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#### 3 Pheko

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(a) To use a cash basis for value added tax (VAT):

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90% or more of the taxable value of their supplies should consist of the supply of services.

#### (b) VAT payable/refundable for the month of April 2016

	Μ	
<b>Output VAT</b> Revenue: (((85,000 – 12,500) + (620 – 450))*14/114)	8,924	2
Input VAT Spray paints ((25,000*50%)*14/114) Subcontracting fees (7,000*14/114) Rent ((4,500*300/420)*14/114) Utilities: Water (exempt) Electricity ((2,400*300/420)*5/105) Entertainment costs (disallowed) Bank overdraft interest (exempt)	1,535 860 395 0 82 0 0 0	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} \\ 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ $
VAT payable (8,924 – 2,872)	<u>2,872</u> 6,052	1/2
The due date for submission of the VAT return is on or before 20 May 2016.		1/2 8 10

#### 4 Lefa

#### (a) Chargeable gains for the year ended 31 March 2016

	Μ	Μ	
Shares in Josh Pty Sale price		875,000	1/2
Adjusted cost base (ACB) (3,500*M80)		(280,000)	1
Chargeable gain		595,000	
Premises			
Sale price		2,800,000	1/2
ACB: Initial cost (340/120*810,000)	2,295,000		1
Renovation: (340/280*210,000)	255,000		1
(340/280*70,000)	85,000		1
Security wall	35,000		1/2
Legal and administrative costs	12,000		1/2
		(2,682,000)	
Chargeable gain		118,000	

The cost of the repairs to locks and painting of walls of M5,000 is excluded because it is a revenue expenditure.

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(b) No gain or loss is taken into account for the purposes of determining chargeable income on:

- A transfer of assets between spouses.

– A transfer of assets between former spouses as part of a divorce settlement.

- The involuntary conversion of an asset where the proceeds are reinvested in an asset of a like kind.

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### 5 Partnership: Paul and Moses

(a) Notional chargeable income of the partnership for the year ended 31 March 2015

Business income	<b>M</b> 1,500,000	1/2
<i>Less:</i> Business expenses: Salaries Pension contribution (252,500*20%) Interest on capital (60,000*20%) Sundry expenses (120,000 – (8,000 – 1,200) – 23,200)	420,500 50,500 12,000 90,000	1/2 11/2 1 2
	(573,000)	
Property income: Interest (34.400 + 7.912)	<u>927,000</u> 42,312	1
Gain on disposal of business assets (working)	160,000 202,312	1/2
Total chargeable income (927,000 + 202,312)	1,129,312	

## Working: Gain on disposal of business assets

Asset	Adjusted cost base (ACB)	Market value (MV)	Gain/(loss)	
	М	М	Μ	
Business vehicles	2,100,000	2,300,000	200,000	1/2
Office equipment	340,000	300,000	(40,000)	1/2
Gain	2,440,000	2,600,000	160,000	
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#### (b) Tax payable by each partner for the year ended 31 March 2016

	Paul M	Moses M	
Distributive share of partnership			
Income:			
Lesotho source (927,000 + 160,000)*1/2)	543,500	543,500	1
Foreign source interest (42,312*1/2)	21,156	0	1
Salary	126,250	126,250	1
Interest on capital (30,000*20%)	6,000	6,000	1
Gross income	696,906	675,750	
Less: Expenses:			
Pension contributions	(9,600)	0	1
Share of trading loss from previous year	(11,600)	(11,600)	1
Chargeable income	675,706	664,150	
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(c) A partnership is considered to be resident in Lesotho for a year of assessment if at any time during that year one of the partners is a Lesotho resident.

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Bar	tu Construction Pty			Marks
(a)	For a company to use a substituted accounting period, it must make General showing a compelling need.	an application to	the Commissioner	_1
(b)	<ul> <li>A deduction is allowed for a donation to support sports organisations if</li> <li>is of M1,000 or more; and</li> <li>is paid to the Lesotho Sports and Recreation Commission who the organisation/individual specified by the donor.</li> </ul>		o on to the relevant	1 3
(c)	Corporation tax payable for the year ended 30 November 2015			
	Business income Less: Insurance compensation	Μ	M 2,800,000 (130,000) 2,670,000	1/2 1/2
	Gain on deemed disposal of business asset (130,000 – 105,000)		2,870,000 25,000	1
	Less: Business expenses Approved training expenditure (25,000*1·25) Managing director's training costs Entertainment expenses (24,300*50%) Fringe benefit tax (8,500*0·30/0·70) Advertising (140,000 – 10,000) Depreciation allowance (105,000*25%*5/12) Miscellaneous expenses	31,250 60,000 12,150 3,643 130,000 10,938 800,000		$1\frac{1}{2}$ $1\frac{1}{1}$ $1$ $1\frac{1}{1}$ $1\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$
			(1,047,981)	
	Property income: Interest from local financial institutions (54,000/0·90) Dividends from non-resident companies		1,647,019 60,000 82,000	1 1/2
	Total chargeable income		1,789,019	
	Tax payable (1,789,019*25%)		447,255	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 11 <b>15</b>