

Taxation (Cyprus) F6 (CYP) June & December 2014

This syllabus and study guide is designed to help with planning study and to provide detailed information on what could be assessed in any examination session.

THE STRUCTURE OF THE SYLLABUS AND STUDY GUIDE

Relational diagram of paper with other papers

This diagram shows direct and indirect links between this paper and other papers preceding or following it. Some papers are directly underpinned by other papers such as Advanced Performance Management by Performance Management. These links are shown as solid line arrows. Other papers only have indirect relationships with each other such as links existing between the accounting and auditing papers. The links between these are shown as dotted line arrows. This diagram indicates where you are expected to have underpinning knowledge and where it would be useful to review previous learning before undertaking study.

Overall aim of the syllabus

This explains briefly the overall objective of the paper and indicates in the broadest sense the capabilities to be developed within the paper.

Main capabilities

This paper's aim is broken down into several main capabilities which divide the syllabus and study guide into discrete sections.

Relational diagram of the main capabilities

This diagram illustrates the flows and links between the main capabilities (sections) of the syllabus and should be used as an aid to planning teaching and learning in a structured way.

Syllabus rationale

This is a narrative explaining how the syllabus is structured and how the main capabilities are linked. The rationale also explains in further detail what the examination intends to assess and why.

Detailed syllabus

This shows the breakdown of the main capabilities (sections) of the syllabus into subject areas. This is the blueprint for the detailed study guide.

Approach to examining the syllabus

This section briefly explains the structure of the examination and how it is assessed.

Study Guide

This is the main document that students, tuition providers and publishers should use as the basis of their studies, instruction and materials. Examinations will be based on the detail of the study guide which comprehensively identifies what could be assessed in any examination session. The study guide is a precise reflection and breakdown of the syllabus. It is divided into sections based on the main capabilities identified in the syllabus. These sections are divided into subject areas which relate to the sub-capabilities included in the detailed syllabus. Subject areas are broken down into sub-headings which describe the detailed outcomes that could be assessed in examinations. These outcomes are described using verbs indicating what exams may require students to demonstrate, and the broad intellectual level at which these may need to be demonstrated (*see intellectual levels below).

Learning Materials

ACCA's Approved Learning Partner - content (ALP-c) is the programme through which ACCA approves learning materials from high quality content providers designed to support study towards ACCA's qualifications.

ACCA has one Platinum Approved Learning Partner content which is BPP Learning Media. In addition, there are a number of Gold Approved Learning Partners - content.

For information about ACCA's Approved Learning Partners - content, please go to ACCA's Content Provider Directory.

The Directory also lists materials by Subscribers, these materials have not been quality assured by ACCA but may be helpful if used in conjunction with approved learning materials. You will also find details of Examiner suggested Additional Reading which may be a useful supplement to approved learning materials.

ACCA's Content Provider Directory can be found here–
http://www.accaglobal.com/learningproviders/alpc/content_provider_directory/search/.

Relevant articles will also be published in Student Accountant.

INTELLECTUAL LEVELS

The syllabus is designed to progressively broaden and deepen the knowledge, skills and professional values demonstrated by the student on their way through the qualification.

The specific capabilities within the detailed syllabuses and study guides are assessed at one of three intellectual or cognitive levels:

- Level 1: Knowledge and comprehension
- Level 2: Application and analysis
- Level 3: Synthesis and evaluation

Very broadly, these intellectual levels relate to the three cognitive levels at which the Knowledge module, the Skills module and the Professional level are assessed.

Each subject area in the detailed study guide included in this document is given a 1, 2, or 3 superscript, denoting intellectual level, marked at the end of each relevant line. This gives an indication of the intellectual depth at which an area could be assessed within the examination. However, while level 1 broadly equates with the Knowledge module, level 2 equates to the Skills module and level 3 to the Professional level, some lower level skills can continue to be assessed as the student progresses through each module and level. This reflects that at each stage of study there will be a

requirement to broaden, as well as deepen capabilities. It is also possible that occasionally some higher level capabilities may be assessed at lower levels.

LEARNING HOURS AND EDUCATION RECOGNITION

The ACCA qualification does not prescribe or recommend any particular number of learning hours for examinations because study and learning patterns and styles vary greatly between people and organisations. This also recognises the wide diversity of personal, professional and educational circumstances in which ACCA students find themselves.

As a member of the International Federation of Accountants, ACCA seeks to enhance the education recognition of its qualification on both national and international education frameworks, and with educational authorities and partners globally. In doing so, ACCA aims to ensure that its qualifications are recognized and valued by governments, regulatory authorities and employers across all sectors. To this end, ACCA qualifications are currently recognized on the education frameworks in several countries. Please refer to your national education framework regulator for further information.

Each syllabus contains between 23 and 35 main subject area headings depending on the nature of the subject and how these areas have been broken down.

GUIDE TO EXAM STRUCTURE

The structure of examinations varies within and between modules and levels.

The Fundamentals level examinations contain 100% compulsory questions to encourage candidates to study across the breadth of each syllabus.

The Knowledge module is assessed by equivalent two-hour paper based and computer based examinations.

The Skills module examinations are all paper based three-hour papers. The structure of papers varies from ten questions in the *Corporate and Business*

Law (F4) paper to four 25 mark questions in *Financial Management (F9)*. Individual questions within all Skills module papers will attract between 10 and 30 marks.

The Professional level papers are all three-hour paper based examinations, all containing two sections. Section A is compulsory, but there will be some choice offered in Section B.

For all three hour examination papers, ACCA has introduced 15 minutes reading and planning time.

This additional time is allowed at the beginning of each three-hour examination to allow candidates to read the questions and to begin planning their answers before they start writing in their answer books. This time should be used to ensure that all the information and exam requirements are properly read and understood.

During reading and planning time candidates may only annotate their question paper. They may not write anything in their answer booklets until told to do so by the invigilator.

The Essentials module papers all have a Section A containing a major case study question with all requirements totalling 50 marks relating to this case. Section B gives students a choice of two from three 25 mark questions.

Section A of both the P4 and P5 Options papers contain one 50 mark compulsory question, and Section B will offer a choice of two from three questions each worth 25 marks each.

Section A of each of the P6 and P7 Options papers contains 60 compulsory marks from two questions; question 1 attracting 35 marks, and question 2 attracting 25 marks. Section B of both these Options papers will offer a choice of two from three questions, with each question attracting 20 marks.

All Professional level exams contain four professional marks.

The pass mark for all ACCA Qualification examination papers is 50%.

GUIDE TO EXAMINATION ASSESSMENT

ACCA reserves the right to examine anything contained within the study guide at any examination session. This includes knowledge, techniques, principles, theories, and concepts as specified.

For the tax papers, ACCA will publish *examinable documents*, or tax rates and allowances tables, once a year to indicate exactly what legislation could potentially be assessed within identified examination sessions. These should be read in conjunction with the information below.

For **UK** tax papers, examinations falling within the financial year 1 April to 31 March will examine the Finance Act which was passed in the previous July. I.e. Exams falling in the period 1 April 2014 to 31 March 2015 will examine the Finance Act 2013.

For **SGP** tax papers, examinations falling within the year 1 April to 31 March will be based on legislation passed before the previous 30 September. I.e. examinations falling in the year 1 April 2014 to 31 March 2015 will be based on legislation passed by 30 September 2013.

For **MYS** tax papers, examinations falling within the year 1 October to 30 September will be based on legislation passed before the previous 31 March. I.e. examinations falling in the year 1 October 2014 to 30 September 2015 will be based on legislation passed before the previous 31 March 2014.

For **CYP** tax papers, June and December examinations will be based on regulation or legislation published in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Cyprus ("the Gazette") on or before 30 September. I.e. June and December 2014 papers will be based on regulation or legislation published in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Cyprus ("the Gazette") on or before 30 September 2013.

For **CZE** tax papers, December and June examinations will be based on legislation passed before the previous 31 May. I.e. December 2014 and June 15 papers will be based on legislation in force at 31 May 2014.

For **VNM** tax papers, June and December examinations will be based on legislation passed before the previous 31 December. I.e. June and

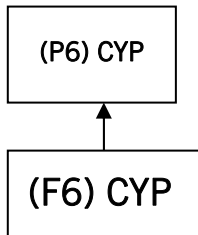
December 2014 papers will be based on legislation passed by 31 December 2013.

Tax papers for the following variants:

BWA, CHN, HUN, HKG, IRL, LSO, MWI, MLA, POL, PKN, ROM, RUS, ZAF, ZWE.

The June and December examinations will be based on legislation passed before the previous 30 September. i.e. June and December 2014 papers will be based on legislation passed by 30 September 2013.

Syllabus



AIM

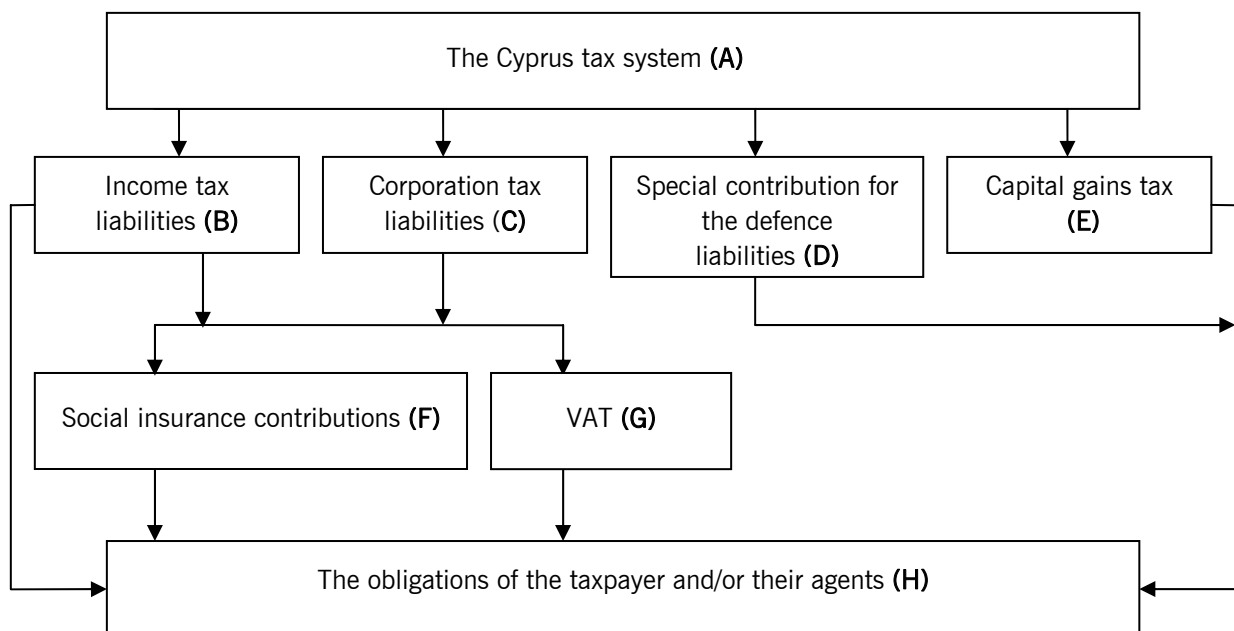
To develop knowledge and skills relating to the Cyprus tax system as applicable to individuals, single companies and groups of companies.

MAIN CAPABILITIES

After completing this examination paper students should be able to:

- A** Explain the operation and scope of the Cyprus tax system
- B** Explain and compute the income tax liabilities of individuals
- C** Explain and compute the corporation tax liabilities of individual and groups of companies
- D** Explain and compute the special contribution for the defence (SCD) liabilities of individuals and companies
- E** Explain and compute the capital gains tax liabilities of Individuals and companies
- F** Explain and compute the effect of social insurance contributions on employees, employers and the self employed
- G** Explain and compute the effects of value added tax on incorporated and unincorporated businesses
- H** Identify and explain the obligations of tax payers and/or their agents and the implications of non-compliance.

RELATIONAL DIAGRAM OF MAIN CAPABILITIES



RATIONALE

This syllabus introduces candidates to the subject of taxation and provides the core knowledge of the underlying principles and major technical areas of taxation, as they affect the activities of individuals and businesses.

In this syllabus, candidates are introduced to the rationale behind and the functions of the tax system. The syllabus then considers the separate taxes that an accountant would need to have a detailed knowledge of, such as income tax from self employment, employment and investments; the corporation tax liability of individual companies and groups of companies; special contribution for the defence liabilities and capital gains tax liabilities of individuals and companies; the social insurance contribution liabilities of both employed and self-employed persons; and the value added tax liability of businesses.

Having covered the core areas of the basic taxes, the candidate should be able to compute tax liabilities, explain the basis of their calculations, apply tax planning techniques for individuals and companies and identify the compliance issues for each major tax through a variety of business and personal scenarios and situations.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

A The Cyprus tax system

1. The overall function and purpose of taxation in a modern economy
2. Different types of taxes
3. Principal sources of revenue law and practice
4. Tax avoidance and tax evasion

B Income tax liabilities

1. The scope of income tax
2. Income from employment
3. Income from self-employment
4. Other income, pensions and investment income

5. The comprehensive computation of taxable income and income tax liability
6. The use of exemptions and deductions in deferring and minimising income tax liabilities

C Corporation tax liabilities

1. The scope of corporation tax
2. Profits chargeable to corporation tax
3. The comprehensive computation of corporation tax liability
4. The effect of a group corporate structure for corporation tax purposes
5. The use of exemptions and deductions in deferring and minimising corporation tax liabilities

D Special contribution for the defence

1. The scope of the special contribution for the defence (SDC)
2. The comprehensive computation of SDC liabilities for individuals and companies
3. Deemed Distribution Provisions and the comprehensive computation of the tax liability

E Capital gains

1. The scope of the taxation of capital gains
2. The basic principles of computing gains and losses
3. Gains and losses on the disposal of immovable property
4. Gains and losses on the disposal of shares
5. The computation of the capital gains tax payable by individuals and companies
6. The use of exemptions and deductions in deferring and minimising capital gains tax liabilities

F Social insurance contributions

1. The scope of social insurance contributions
2. Social insurance contributions for employed persons, made by employees and employers and for self-employed persons
3. Social cohesion fund contributions

G Value added tax

1. The scope of value added tax (VAT)
2. The VAT registration requirements
3. The computation of VAT liabilities

H The obligations of taxpayers and/or their agents

1. The systems for self and temporary assessment and the making of returns
2. The time limits for the submission of returns, information, objections, claims and payment of tax
3. The procedures relating to enquiries, objections and appeals.
4. Penalties for non-compliance

APPROACH TO EXAMINING THE SYLLABUS

The paper will be mainly computational and will have five questions, all of which will be compulsory.

- Questions one will be on income tax and question two will be on corporation tax for a total of 55 marks. One of the questions will be for 30 marks and the other for 25 marks
- Question three will be for 20 marks, and will focus on capital gains tax, either for an individual or a company
- Questions four and five will be on any area of the syllabus and will be for 15 marks and 10 marks respectively.

There will always be at a minimum of 10 marks on value added tax on any paper. These marks might be included as part of a question or there might be a separate question on value added tax.

Social insurance contributions will not be examined as a separate question, but may be examined in any question involving income tax or corporation tax.

Groups and overseas aspects will only be examined in question two, and will account for no more than 8 marks in total on any one examination paper.

Capital gains tax may be examined in questions other than question 3, for example as part of a corporation tax or income tax scenario.

Any of the five questions might include the consideration of issues relating to the minimisation or deferral of tax liabilities.

Study Guide

A THE CYPRUS TAX SYSTEM

1. The overall function and purpose of taxation in a modern economy

- a) Describe the purpose (economic, social etc) of taxation in a modern economy.^[2]

2. Different types of taxes

- a) Identify the different types of capital and revenue tax.^[1]
- b) Explain the difference between direct and indirect taxation.^[2]

3. Principal sources of revenue law and practice

- a) Describe the overall structure of the Cyprus tax system.^[1]
- b) State the different sources of revenue law.^[1]
- c) Appreciate the interaction of the Cyprus tax system with that of other tax jurisdictions.^[2]

4. Tax avoidance and tax evasion

- a) Explain the difference between tax avoidance and tax evasion.^[1]
- b) Explain the need for an ethical and professional approach.^[2]

Excluded topics

- *Anti-avoidance legislation*

B INCOME TAX LIABILITIES

1. The scope of income tax

- a) Describe the scope of income tax.^[2]
- b) Explain how the residence of an individual is determined.^[1]

(c) Jointly held assets

Excluded topics

- *Income from trusts and settlements*
- *Taxation of non-residents and temporary residents*

2. Income from employment

- a) Recognise the factors that determine whether an engagement is treated as employment or self-employment.^[2]
- b) Recognise the basis of assessment for employment income.^[2]
- c) Compute the income assessable.^[2]
- d) Explain the treatment of benefits received 'in kind'.^[2]
- e) Recognise the allowable deductions.^[2]
- f) Explain the PAYE system.^[1]

Excluded topics

- *Share and share option incentive schemes for employees*
- *Lump sum receipts by employees*

3. Income from self-employment

- a) Recognise the basis of assessment for self-employment income.^[2]
- b) Describe and apply the badges of trade.^[2]
- c) Recognise the expenditure that is allowable in calculating the tax-adjusted trading profit.^[2]
- d) Capital allowances
 - i) Define 'plant and machinery' and 'building' for capital allowances purposes^[1]
 - ii) Compute wear and tear allowances for plant, machinery and buildings^[2]
 - iii) Compute balancing allowances and balancing charges^[2]
 - iv) Recognise when a balancing statement is and is not required^[2]
- e) Relief for trading losses

- i) Understand how trading losses can be carried forward ^[2]
- ii) Explain how trading losses can be carried forward following, on the conversion of a business to a limited company ^[2]
- iii) Understand how trading losses can be claimed against total income of the current year ^[2]

f) Partnerships and limited liability partnerships

- i) Recognise the treatment of consideration received in respect of trading goodwill ^[2]
- ii) Explain how a partnership is assessed to tax ^[2]
- iii) Compute the assessable profits for each partner following a change in the profit sharing ratio ^[2]
- iv) Compute the assessable profits for each partner following a change in the membership of the partnership ^[2]

g) Prepare a net worth /capital statement for an individual

Excluded topics

- *Capital allowances on the conversion of an unincorporated business to a limited company*
- *Capital allowances on the death of a sale trader*
- *Treatment available on the replacement of assets (balancing additions)*

4. Other income, pensions and investment income

- a) Compute the income assessable from rents. ^[2]
- b) Understand the treatment of rental losses. ^[2]
- c) Explain the treatment of interest and dividend income. ^[2]
- d) Explain the treatment of pensions and annuities. ^[2]

Excluded topics:

- *Value of owner's benefits derived from additions or alterations by a tenant*

- *Disposition or alienation of income from rents*

5 The comprehensive computation of taxable income and income tax liability

- a) Prepare a basic income tax computation involving different types of income. ^[2]
- b) Compute the amount of income tax payable. ^[2]
- c) Compute the double tax relief available.

Excluded topics

- *The income of minor children*

6. The use of exemptions and deductions in deferring and minimising income tax liabilities

- a) Recognise the income which is exempt. ^[2]
- b) Explain and compute the deduction given for contributions to approved provident funds and pension schemes. ^[2]
- c) Explain and compute the deduction given for life assurance premiums. ^[2]

Excluded topics

- *Pension scheme and personal life assurance policy rules applicable in 2002 and earlier tax years*
- *The conditions that must be met in order for a pension or provident fund to be approved*

C CORPORATION TAX LIABILITIES

1. The scope of corporation tax

- a) Define the terms 'year of assessment' and 'accounting period'. ^[1]
- b) Explain how the residence of a company is determined. ^[2]
- c) Define the term 'permanent establishment' and explain the consequences of an activity being so classified. ^[2]

Excluded topics

- *Investment companies*
- *Companies in receivership or liquidation*
- *Reorganisations*
- *The purchase by a company of its own shares*
- *Companies undertaking specialist business activities such as insurance, shipping and air transport*

2. Profits chargeable to corporation tax

- Recognise the expenditure that is allowable in calculating the tax-adjusted trading profit.^[2]
- Compute capital allowances (as for income tax).^[2]
- Explain the treatment of dividends, interest and property income.^[2]
- Understand how losses can be claimed against income of the current year of assessment.^[2]
- Understand how losses can be carried forward and set off in subsequent years.^[2]
- Compute profits chargeable to corporation tax.^[2]

Excluded topics

- *Research and development expenditure*
- *Arms length principle*
- *Losses on change of ownership*

3. The comprehensive computation of corporation tax liability

- Compute the corporation tax liability.^[2]
- Explain how relief for double taxation is given on foreign sourced income.^[2]
- Compute the double tax relief available.^[1]
- Explain how exemptions and deductions can defer or minimise corporation tax liabilities.^[2]

4. The effect of a group corporate structure for corporation tax purposes.

- Define a group and recognise the reliefs that are available to members of such a group.^[2]

Excluded topics

- *Controlled foreign companies*

5. The use of exemptions and reliefs in deferring and minimising corporation tax liabilities (The use of such exemptions and reliefs is implicit within all of the above sections 1 to 4 of part C of the syllabus, concerning company tax)

D. SPECIAL CONTRIBUTION FOR THE DEFENCE

1. The scope of the special contribution for the defence (SDC)

- Describe the scope of SDC.^[2]
- Distinguish between income subject to withholding at source and that accounted for by assessment.^[2]

Excluded topics

- *Public corporate bodies; non-resident entrepreneurs*

2. The comprehensive computation of special contributions for the defence liabilities for individuals and companies

- Compute income subject to SDC.
- Calculate the SDC liability and the payment dates.
- Compute the double tax relief available.

3. Deemed Distribution Provisions and the comprehensive computation of the tax liability

E CAPITAL GAINS

1. The scope of the taxation of capital gains

- Describe the scope of capital gains tax.^[2]

- b) Understand what constitutes a chargeable disposal.^[2]

Excluded topics

- *Inaccessible areas*
- *Leases*
- *Transfers of property or shares in the case of re-organisation*
- *Exchange or disposal of property under the Agricultural Land (Consolidation) Laws*
- *Gifts to and from a limited company*
- *The estate duty credit*

2. The basic principles of computing gains and losses

- a) Compute capital gains for both individuals and companies.^[2]
- b) Explain the treatment of deductions including the indexation allowance.^[2]
- c) Explain the treatment of capital losses for both individuals and companies.^[1]

Excluded topics

- *Election for value 14.7.1974*
- *Methods of valuation*
- *Losses due to capital allowances*
- *Deemed disposal proceeds*

3. Gains and losses on the disposal of immovable property

- a) Understand what constitutes immovable property.^[2]
- b) Compute the chargeable gain when an immovable property is disposed of.^[2]

- c) Compute the chargeable gain arising on the exchange of properties of equal or different value.^[2]

- d) Explain the exemption applicable when a principal dwelling is disposed of.^[2]

- e) Understand the treatment of inherited property and transfers by reason of death.^[2]

- f) Explain the treatment of gifts from parent to child, between husband and wife and other close relatives.^[2]

4. Gains and losses on the disposal of shares

- a) Understand the circumstances in which a charge to capital gains tax arises on the disposal of company shares.^[2]

- b) Compute the chargeable gain arising on the disposal of shares in a company owning immovable property.^[2]

5. The computation of the capital gains tax payable by individuals and companies

- a) Recognise and apply the lifetime exemptions available to individuals.^[2]
- b) Compute the amount of capital gains tax payable.^[2]

6. The use of exemptions and deductions in deferring and minimising capital gains tax liabilities

- a) Identify and apply the right reduction/relief in given circumstances.^[2]

F SOCIAL INSURANCE CONTRIBUTIONS

1. The scope of social insurance contributions

- a) Describe the scope of social insurance contributions.^[1]

2. Social insurance contributions for employed persons, made by employees and employers, and for self-employed persons

- a) Compute the contributions payable for employed persons by employees

and employers.^[2]

- b) Compute the contributions made by self employed persons.^[2]
- c) Explain the system of surcharges which applies to late payments.^[2]

3. Social cohesion fund contributions

- a) Describe the scope of the social cohesion fund contributions (SCFC).^[2]
- b) Define emoluments for SCFC purposes.^[2]

Excluded topics

- *The special contribution by private sector employees for the tax years 2012-2013*

G VALUE ADDED TAX

1. The scope of value added tax (VAT)

- a) Describe the scope of VAT.^[2]
- b) List the principal reduced rate, zero-rated and exempt supplies.^[1]

2. The VAT registration requirements

- a) Recognise the circumstances in which a person must register for VAT.^[2]
- b) Explain the advantages of voluntary VAT registration.^[2]
- c) Explain the circumstances in which pre-registration input VAT can be recovered.^[2]
- d) Explain how and when a person can deregister for VAT.^[1]

Excluded topics

- *Group and divisional registration*
- *Public Authorities*
- *Trustees, agents and VAT representatives*

3. The computation of VAT liabilities

- a) Explain how VAT is accounted for and administered.^[2]
- b) List the main books and records that must be kept.^[1]
- c) Recognise the tax point when goods or services are supplied.^[2]
- d) List the information that must be given on a VAT invoice.^[1]
- e) Explain and apply the principles regarding the valuation of supplies.^[2]
- f) Recognise the circumstances in which input VAT is non-deductible.^[2]
- g) Compute the relief that is available for losses on trade debts.^[2]
- h) Compute input tax, output tax and the net amount of VAT payable/refundable.^[2]
- i) Explain the circumstances in which the default surcharge and default interest will be applied.^[1]
- j) Explain the treatment of Imports, exports and trading within the European Community.^[2]

Excluded topics

- *Partial exemption*
- *Transfer of going concerns*
- *Immovable property, including leases*
- *Schemes for farmers*
- *Tour operators margin scheme*
- *The second hand goods scheme*
- *The capital goods scheme*
- *Special schemes for retailers*
- *Offences and penalties apart from the default surcharge and default interest*

- *Definition of qualifying person as well as pre-requisites for application of the reduced rate of 5% on new residences*

H THE OBLIGATIONS OF TAX PAYERS AND/OR THEIR AGENTS

1. The systems for self and temporary assessment and the making of returns

- Explain and apply the features of the self and temporary assessment systems for income tax and SDC as they apply to individuals.^[2]
- Explain and apply the features of the self and temporary assessment systems for corporation tax and SDC as they apply to companies.^[2]
- Explain the procedures for the assessment and collection of capital gains tax as they apply to individuals and companies.^[2]
- Understand the function and describe the basic contents of the following tax forms: IR 4/6/7/7a/30/59/63/601/605.^[1]

2. The time limits for the submission of returns, information, objections, claims and payment of tax

- Recognise the time limits that apply to the filing of returns and information, and the making of claims, including claims for refunds, and objections.^[2]
- Recognise the due dates for the payment of tax under the self-assessment and the temporary payment systems.^[2]
- State the obligations of taxpayers to keep and retain books and records for tax purposes.^[1]

3. The procedures relating to enquiries, objections and appeals.

- State the general powers vested in the Director of the Inland Revenue.^[2]
- Explain the circumstances in which the Inland Revenue can enquire into a self-assessment tax return.^[2]

- Explain the procedures for dealing with objections, recoveries and appeals.^[1]

4. Penalties for non-compliance

- Calculate interest on overdue tax and SDC.^[2]
- State the offences that can arise and the penalties that can be charged.^[2]

Excluded topics

- *Details of the amnesty given on interest and penalties in 2012*

SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO F6 (CYP)

ACCA periodically reviews its qualification syllabuses so that they fully meet the needs of stakeholders such as employers, students, regulatory and advisory bodies and learning providers.

Table 1 – Amendments to F6 (CYP)

Section and subject area	Amendment
B INCOME TAX LIABILITIES 1. The scope of income tax	New part (c) Jointly held assets, and removed from excluded topics
B INCOME TAX LIABILITIES 3. Income from self-employment	d) Capital allowances Removal of the 'replacement of assets' issue
B INCOME TAX LIABILITIES 4. Other income, pensions and investment income	Excluded topics: Removal of the 9% Notional interest income (abolished since 1.1.2012)
E CAPITAL GAINS 1. The scope of the taxation of capital gains	New parts E3e) and f) now examinable, and removed from excluded topics: e) Inherited property and transfers due to death f) Gifts from parent to child, between husband and wife, and other close relatives
G VALUE ADDED TAX 3. The computation of VAT liabilities	New part j) now examinable, and removed from excluded topics: j) The treatment of Imports, exports and trading within the European Community.